
ESSOP 2011, Maastricht, September 28-30
Excluded groups to health care services in
Monkey Bay, Malawi and global partnership

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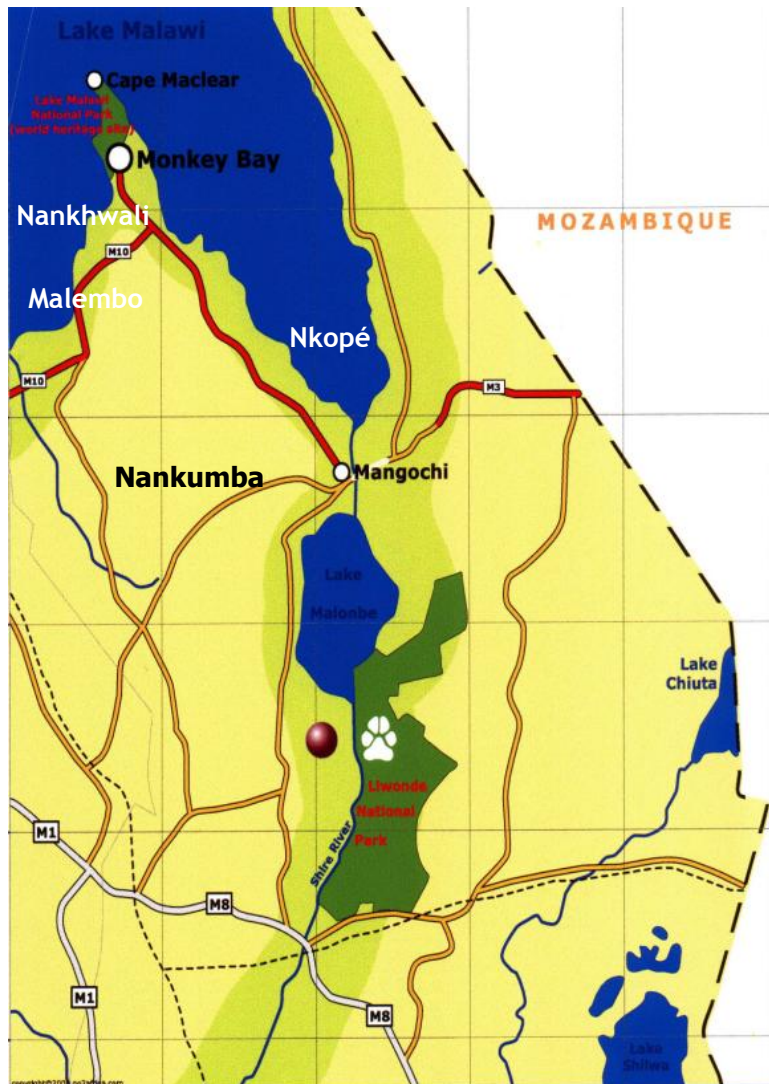
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- Independence in 1964
- 13,5 million inhabitants
- Infant Mortality Rate
 - 114 *per* 1000 live births
- Maternal mortality
 - 1100 *per* 100,000 live births
- HIV/AIDS (15-49 yrs)
 - 11,4 % (2007)
- Life expectancy
 - 48 years (M/F) (2005)



Monkey Bay

□ District of Mangochi

- One out of 28 districts
- 802,000 inhabitants
- Five health areas

□ Monkey Bay Area

- 113,000 inhabitants
- Six health facilities
 - Government (2)
 - CHAM -Christian Medical Association of Malawi (3)
 - Irish NGO (1)

Aim

- Examine the changes in health care services in the Monkey Bay Area since the initiation of Iceida's support in 1999
 - Are there any excluded groups?
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Methods

- ▣ Qualitative interviews in April 2009
 - ▣ Village health committees and health professionals (>140 interviewees)
- ▣ Comparative quantitative data
 - ▣ Health care services



Monkey Bay Hospital and health centers



Exclusion: Costs

□ Governmental services

- No user charges for consultation or drugs

□ CHAM services

- Each CHAM with own schemes for consultations and drugs (5-7 US\$/consultation)



Exclusion: Poverty

- The poor living in CHAM areas
 - Running hospital: “It is their business”
 - “You never know the cost”
 - “Someone who lacks money is dead”
 - “It is unfair to have only access to a CHAM facility”
 - “We want more governmental services”
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Exclusion: Lack of transport



Excluded Groups

- Elderly people

- Can not walk
- Not appropriate care

- Mental health problems

- Hospitals and health centers do not offer appropriate treatment

Both groups seek alternative health services

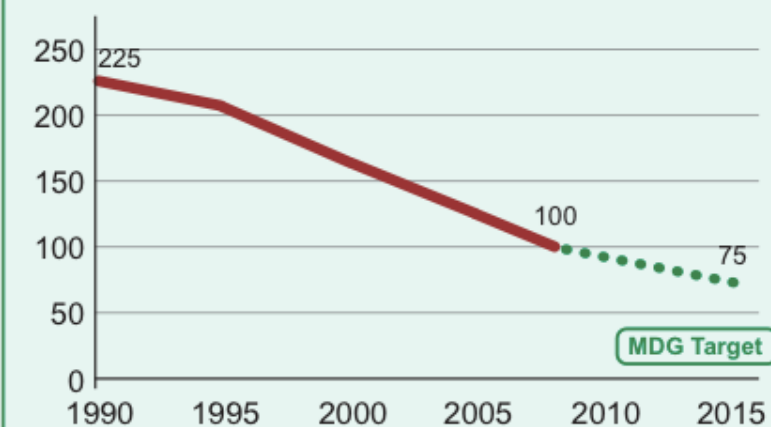
Conclusions

- Monkey Bay: Positive transformation of the health services since 2000
 - MBCH is a referral hospital
 - Increased attendance
 - Nonetheless, exclusion from services
 - User charges at CHAM facilities
 - Lack of transport
 - Specific groups: elderly and mentally sick
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MDG4 vs finance: Malawi

Under-five mortality rate

Deaths per 1000 live births



Source: IGME 2009

Financial Flows and Human Resources

Per capita total expenditure on health (US\$)	50 (2007)
General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure (%)	12 (2007)
Out-of-pocket expenditure as % of total expenditure on health (%)	11 (2007)
Density of health workers (per 10,000 population)	3.0 (2008)
Official Development Assistance to child health per child (US\$)	19 (2007)
Official Development Assistance to maternal and neonatal health per live birth (US\$)	35 (2007)
National availability of Emergency Obstetric Care services (% of recommended minimum)	37 (2004)



